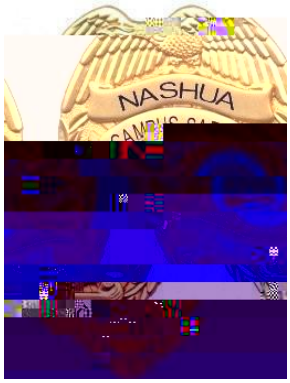

Annual Security Report 2022

Prepared in Compliance with Clery Act / 34 CFR 668.46 s.s. b

Kyle Metcalf Director of Campus Safety
Issued 09/15/2023

Contents:

Section 1: Campus Safety and 3

Section 2: Safety/Services Provided. 4

Section 3: Reporting Crimes/Emergencies/Campus Security

Section 4: Preventing Crimes 8

Section 5: Sexual Misconduct 8

Section 6: Drug and Alcohol Abusive Prevention 17

Section 7: Timely Warnings 27

Section 8: Emergency 29

Section 9: Testing Emergency Response and Evacuation

Security Report

..... 30

Section 11: Campus Sex Crime Prevention Act 30

Section 12: NCC Crime 31

Section 13: Crime Reporting Classifications and Definitions 39

Section 1: Campus Safety and Security

The following outlines the Campus Safety and Security policies of NCC. This information is provided to meet the requirements of the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Safety Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act of 1998. The gathered statistical data for reported crimes is provided by Nashua PD.

Campus Safety Department: The Campus Safety Department operates during the normal operating hours of the college. Campus Safety Officers conduct foot and vehicle patrols on campus and are charged with the enforcement of federal, state and local laws, as well as Nashua Community College (NCC) policies and regulations. Campus Safety Officers do not have statutory arrest powers. The Campus Safety Department maintains a strong working relationship with the Nashua Police Department, who provide

Section 2: Safety/Services Provided

Alarm Systems: A computer based electronic system, monitored by an off campus alarm company, immediately notifies campus safety upon activation. Alarm systems are configured to denote duress, intrusion, and other types of activations. In the event of a fire alarm activation, the Nashua Fire Department will be notified immediately through a Master Box system.

Annual Report: The Department of Campus Safety will publish an annual report prior to October 1 of each year. The report will be directly linked to the NCC Campus Safety website. Copies of the report are available in the Campus Safety office Room 124.

Campus Safety Website: Nashua Community College maintains a website _____ _____ For quick and up to date information on the Campus Safety department and services it provides in addition to Crime statistics, crime prevention information, emergency procedures, and online registration for parking permits.

Campus Student Activity Calendar and Newsletters: NCC puts out a weekly student activity calendar and newsletter as well as a weekly newsletter called NCC 505 Review for faculty and staff. The Safety Department publishes articles that provide updated information on issues of safety and security for both publications.

Digital Information Displays: Display monitors are located at high traffic areas around the NCC campus. The monitors display updated information regarding the activities occurring on campus as well as helpful campus tips.

Emergency Telephones: NCC has yellow Emergency Call Boxes located next to the elevators. Additional red emergency phones are located at various locations in the campus building hallways. Both styles of phone connect to the State of New Hampshire 911 system.5 Emergency Blue Phones are available outside throughout the campus. If you need assistance of any kind, simply push the red button and the call will be initiated. You will connected with a 911 dispatcher, disclose them of your issue and location. ***The Campus Safety department must be notified after a 911 call has been completed.***

Escort Service: The Campus Safety Department extends walking escorts to students, faculty and staff to and from any destinations on campus. This service is free and offered during school hours by contacting the Campus Safety Office.

New Student Orientations: The Office of Campus Safety will provide a brief informational presentation at all new student orientation sessions. The presentation will include information on student ids, vehicle registration, proper parking areas, are services and safety awareness. This will also include brief safety tips that the Campus Safety Department such as See Something, Say Something, Evacuation protocols, and where to access help on campus.

Safety Updates: Updated information on safety issues are posted on bulletin boards located throughout the campus including contact information for the campus safety office and the current CSA contact information.

Video Monitoring System: Nashua Community College has approximately 100 surveillance cameras located throughout the college on both the interior and exterior of the campus building. Which utilizes a high quality video surveillance system, which monitors campus activities 24 hours a day. Information is stored digitally for a period in order to allow review of any incident occurring inside or outside of the campus buildings. The Campus Safety Office manages the system. A policy is created in place for those operating the system to ensure proper usage.

Section 3: Reporting Crimes/Emergencies/Campus Security Authority

The Campus Safety Office is located in Room 124. Please contact the office for any emergency, safety issues or to report a crime that occurred on campus, or on property controlled by the college. Crimes can also be reported to any Campus Safety Authority, or CSA located on campus. The Campus Safety Department encourages prompt and accurate reporting of all criminal matters.

In the case of any immediate or life-threatening emergency, call 911.

- Dial 9-1-1 to contact Emergency Services directly.
- Push the button on any Yellow Boxes on campus to dial 911.
- Dial 9-1-1 from red emergency telephone on campus.
- Push the button on any Blue Emergency Phones on campus to dial 911.
- Go to any office on campus and ask them to contact 911.

Campus Safety Office

- Daytime Emergency # (603) 921-1089.
- Evening Emergency # (603) 921-1089
- Dial (603) 578-8900 ext. 1767 to report non-emergencies.

Crime Reporting Methods

- Contact a Campus Safety Officer.
- Contact a CSA to complete an incident report form.
- Access the Campus Safety website and fill out the incident report form:

Voluntary Confidential Reporting: If you are the victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the College disciplinary System or the criminal justice system, you may still want to consider making a confidential report. With your permission, the Campus Safety Director or a designee of can file a report on the details of the incident without revealing your identity. The report can be filed in person at the Campus Safety office room 124 or by phone (603) 921-1089. The purpose of a confidential report is to comply with your wish to keep the matter confidential, while taking steps to ensure the future safety of yourself and others. With such information, the College can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, determine where there is a pattern of crime with regard to a particular location, method, or assailant, and alert the college community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crimes statistics for the institution. Nashua Community College has a strong working relationship with Nashua PD, reports filed to the PD will be submitted and added to the yearly ASR each year.

Limited Voluntary Confidential Reporting: The College encourages anyone who is the victim or witness to any crime to promptly report the incident to the police. For the reason that police reports are public records under state law, the Nashua Police Department cannot hold reports of crime in confidence.

Confidential reports for purposes of inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics can generally be made to College Campus Security Authorities as identified below.

Campus Security Authorities: Campus officials that have a significant responsibility for students and campus activities are considered Campus Security Authorities. The campus security primary responsibility is to report allegations made in good faith to the reporting structure established by the institution. Individuals that are identified as Campus Security

not expected to investigate crimes or to determine the validity of reported crimes, but to document the information and provide it to the Campus Safety Department for follow up. Reporting to a CSA is non confidential as the need for information by Campus Safety is needed on the preponderance of Clery reporting.

Listings of current Campus Security Authorities by name and title are posted throughout the campus and available online at the NCC website;

Listing of Campus Security Authorities by Title

Office of Campus Safety and Security
(603) 578-9000 ext. 1767

Vice President of Student and Community
Affairs (603) 578-8900 ext. 1528

Professor and Chairperson, Business & Technology Department
(603) 578-8900 ext. 1757

Professor, Social, Educational and Behavioral Sciences Department
(603) 578-8900 ext. 1641

Running Start Coordinator
(603) 578-8900 ext. 1449

Wellness Center Director
(603) 578-8900 ext. 1599

Professor and Chair, World Languages ESOL
(603) 578-8900 ext. 1678

Student Life Director
(603) 578-8900 ext. 1580

Accessibility Services
Coordinator (603)
5788900 ext. 1451

responsibility to report a crime to the Campus Safety Director if need be follow up to local agencies such as Nashua PD, or local State Police Headquarters in Bedford NH. Victim has individual right to report crime to law he right to report to law enforcement if victim chooses to disclose.

Reporting Procedures and Victim Rights

If you are the Victim of a Sexual Assault: Go to a safe place, call a friend and/or a rape crisis center. The crisis center can provide you with immediate support and information. Preserving evidence in cases of sexual crimes is of the highest importance for any possible future investigative and prosecutorial purposes.

Do not wash, bathe, douche or change your clothing before going for help. It is important to receive medical attention for treating injuries sustained during an assault, testing for pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases and collecting of evidence. If you suspect that you may have been given a rape drug, ask the hospital or clinic where you receive medical care to take a urine sample. Rape drugs, such as Rohypnol and GHB, are more likely to be detected in urine than in blood.

As a victim, you have the option of getting an examination for a sexual assault and having evidence gathered at a hospital at no cost to you. Preserving evidence is crucial if protective orders are sought after. This include offenses such as domestic violence, dating violence, and or stalking. Information on where to report will be given written to victim. This will ensure the victim will have documentation in the case of obtaining protective orders.

NH RSA 21-M: 8-c Victim of Alleged Sexual Offense. If a physician or a hospital provides any physical examination of a victim of an alleged sexual offense to gather information and evidence of the alleged crime, these services shall be provided without charge to the individual. Upon submission of appropriate documentation, the physician or hospital shall be reimbursed for the cost of such examination by the Department of Justice to the extent such costs are not the responsibility of a third party under a health insurance policy or similar third party obligation. The bill for the medical examination of a sexual assault victim shall not be sent or given to the victim or the family of the victim. The privacy of the victim shall be maintained to the extent possible during third party billings. Billing forms shall be subject to the same principles of confidentiality applicable to any other medical record under **RSA 151:13**. Where such forms are released for statistical or accounting services, all personal identifying

The parties may file an appeal, if applicable.

Every complainant has the right for the complaint to be decided using a **preponderance of the evidence** standard (*i.e.*, it is more likely than not that sexual harassment or violence occurred). College adjudications are based on civil law, not criminal, for very good reasons for both the victim and the accused. Each individual that receives a complaint is required to part take in trainings to be informed of the most recent procedures.

Every complainant has the right to be notified, in writing, of the outcome of the complaint. Even though federal privacy laws limit disclosure of certain information in disciplinary proceedings: **Schools must disclose to the complainant information about the sanction imposed on the perpetrator when the sanction directly relates to the harassed student**. This includes an order that the harasser stay away from the harassed student, or that the harasser is prohibited from attending school for a period of time, or transferred to other classes or another residence hall.

Additionally, the **Clery Act (20 U.S.C. §1092(f))** requires that both parties be informed of the outcome, including sanction information, of any institutional proceeding alleging a sex offense, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and or stalking.

The grievance procedures may include voluntary informal methods (e.g., mediation) for resolving some types of sexual harassment complaints. However, the complainant must be notified of the right to end the informal process at any time and begin the formal stage of the complaint process. In cases involving allegations of sexual assault, mediation is not appropriate.

When conducting an investigation of an alleged sexual assault, the College's focus will be on addressing the sexual assault and not on lesser policy violations that may be discovered or disclosed. The College may, however, provide referrals to counseling or require other educational options.

Patients who are victims of sexual assault

compensation of medical/dental expenses, mental health therapy expenses, lost wages or other out-of-pocket expenses not covered by insurance or other resources available to the victim. The

losses and pain and suffering cannot be compensated using this method of compensation. In order to qualify, the victim must report the crime to law enforcement. The victim should be told to call 1-800-300-4500 for information about the compensation program.

Procedures for Institutional Disciplinary Actions: NCC Authorities will provide a prompt, fair, and impartial investigation and resolution to complaints that are initiated.

Activities that are in violation of the Nashua Community College student code of conduct may be referred to the Nashua Community Co

The Vice President of Student Affairs will oversee the adjudication of those disciplinary
 -academic
 propriate
behavior leads to recommended sanctions in both the academic and non-academic arenas.

Additionally, the Leadership Team of the college will appoint a Student Judicial Advisor from among the faculty/staff ranks for a renewable two-year term to monitor and maintain records of the various judicial bodies and proceedings; to advise judicial bodies and students/individuals on appropriate or alternative courses of action; to review requests for judicial appeals and to ensure consistency in the application of sanctions.

A time shall be set for an initial hearing between the accused and the authorized investigating individual, not less than one (1) nor more than five (5) class days after the student has been notified. Maximum time limits for scheduling of hearings may be extended at the discretion of the Vice President of Student Affairs (or designee).

The accuser and accused are entitled to the same opportunities to have others present during a disciplinary proceeding.

Both the accuser and accused shall be notified in writing simultaneously of:

The outcome of any institutional disciplinary proceeding that arises from an allegation of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

The method of appeal for the results of the disciplinary proceeding.

Any change to the results that occurs prior to the results becoming final. When the results become final.

All hearings will be decided using a **preponderance of the evidence** standard (*i.e.*, it is more likely than not that sexual harassment or violence occurred). College adjudications are based on civil law, not criminal, for very good reasons for both the victim and the accused.

Reasonable changes to academic situations may be made for the victim of a sexual assault if requested by the student.

INTERIM SANCTIONS: In certain circumstances, the President or Vice Presidents of the college, or a designee, may impose a sanction prior to the hearing before a judicial body.

Interim sanctions may be imposed only:

To ensure the safety and well-being of members of the college community or preservation of college property.

well

The Student Judicial Advisor has three (3) class days from the receipt of the appeal to make a decision on the validity of the appeal and to inform the student in writing.

Possible Outcomes and Protective Measures: Violations of the Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking Policy may result in College suspension or dismissal. A criminal conviction in and of itself may lead to disciplinary action by the College. Behaviors, which are illegal and in violation of the Student Code of Conduct may be handled by both the courts and on campus, conduct system.

In the event of active civil protective orders being in place, NCC will make necessary reasonable adjustments to accommodate the student and will assist in maintaining the safety of the victim. Such measures could include setting up safe waiting areas, reasonable schedule changes, and campus escort. A copy of this matter w

Be sure the student does not wash, douche change or wash clothes. Anything handled by the attacker should not be touched.

Call the Rape and Domestic Violence Crisis center through the Sexual Assault Hotline, 603-883-3044.

The victim must be made aware that a medical exam is the next step. It is an option to have the examination at a medical facility and have the examination kit to law enforcement without submitting the name of the patient/victim. This allows the evidence to be preserved for any future prosecution.

Contact the Vice President of Student Services, (603) 578-8900 Ext. 1528.

If the student is reluctant to notify the police and does not want medical assistance, assist the student in contacting the Rape and Domestic Violence Center 603-883-3044.

Campus Safety **must** be notified in all cases of rape or sexual assault, whether the individual wished to press charges or not.

Whom You Should See On Campus

Anyone who is a victim of sexual assault should report the incident to one of the following people:

Director of Campus
Safety (603) 897-9988

Campus Safety Main
Number (603) 921-1089

Vice President of Student
Services (603) 578-8900 Ext.1528

Campus Security Authorities (as listed on page 7 of this report).

Care Team Reporting Link: CARE Team Nashua Community College (nashuacc.edu)

Resources:

NH State Law on Sexual Assault
http://www.gencourt.state.nh.us/rsa/html/lxii/632-a/632-a-mrg.htm

NCC Student Handbook

_____ Legal information for survivors of domestic violence and sexual assault. www.bridgesnh.org

Referrals for victims of sexual assault and domestic violence:

Section 6: Drug and Alcohol Abusive Prevention Information

The Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act Amendments of 1989 require that Nashua Community College, as a recipient of federal funds, including federally provided student financial aid, notify its students and employees annually that the unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol on College property is prohibited.

Alcohol: NCC is concerned about alcohol and other drugs and its pervasive detrimental impact on the quality of campus life. NCC encourages a commitment from students, faculty and staff to make every effort to alleviate substance abuse problems on this campus and in the surrounding community.

The following policy is intended to provide the Nashua Community College community with information abo

Violation of the rules concerning use of possession of intoxicating beverages as set forth (4) in paragraphs above will result in referral to a judicial hearing which may result in suspension or dismissal from the college
However, if requested, a waiver may be granted by the College President if and when all other arrangements are consistent with existing statutes and Board of Trustees Regulations.

Drugs and Narcotics: The use, possession, manufacturing, sale or distribution of non-prescribed drugs and narcotics, or other controlled substances or purported controlled substances including marijuana, except as expressly permitted by law is not allowed on campus and will result in suspension or dismissal from the College as well as possible criminal prosecution and fines. Any college student trafficking in drugs shall be subject to criminal and college action. The policy of the College will be to cooperate fully with law enforcement officials in the proper exercise of their duty. This policy is based on Federal and State of New Hampshire laws pertaining to the use of drugs.

Student Sanctions: Violations of the rules concerning use of alcohol and other drugs, as set forth in the Nashua Community College Alcohol and Other Drug Policy located in the Student Handbook, may result in referral to the civil authorities and/or sanctioning through the Nashua Community College judicial process. Individuals not enrolled at Nashua Community College who

For a complete list of sanctions for violating the Nashua Community College Drug and Alcohol Policy, refer to the Student Handbook.

The College is concerned about substance abusers using tools and equipment, which can be harmful to the individuals as well as to others nearby. The College realizes that circumstances place individuals into situations that may lead to dependence upon drugs and/or alcohol.

Recognizing its responsibility to be concerned with the total wellbeing of its students, NCC provides referral service to those in need of counseling or medical support. Individuals are urged to seek assistance from a counselor and to secure the proper treatment they may need.

Nashua Community College follows local NH state and federal legislation for underage drinking, more information can be found at this link: _____

Referrals for Alcohol and Drug Abuse Treatment:

Alcohol Treatment Center
(24 Hour Help Line) 1-800-711-4357

Greater Nashua Council on Alcoholism
615 Amherst Street
Nashua, NH 03060
Phone: (603) 881-4848
Web Site**:**

Federal Drug Laws

Federal law prohibits the possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs. Strict penalties are provided for drug convictions, including mandatory prison terms for many offenses. The following information is an overview of Federal penalties for first convictions. All penalties are doubled for any subsequent drug conviction.

Denial of Federal

New Hampshire State Laws

The legal drinking age in New Hampshire is 21.

If you are under 21, it is illegal to:

Have in your personal possession any alcoholic beverages.

Misrepresent your age for purpose of obtaining alcoholic beverages.

Drive in a car having alcoholic beverages except when accompanied by a parent, guardian, and spouse 21 years of age.

Be in an area where alcoholic beverages are served unless accompanied by person 21 years of age.

Description of Health Risks

Serious health and personal risks are associated with the use of illegal drugs, prescription drugs and abuse of alcohol. Most people take prescription medication responsibly. When misused or abused, prescriptions drugs can be as dangerous as illegal drugs. They may include temporary or permanent physical or mental impairment, and injury or death. Use and abuse of such substances

Stimulants (Cocaine; Methamphetamine e.g., Ritalin; Amphetamines e.g., Adderall): Stimulants speed up the mental and physical processes of the body. Historically they have been used both in their legal (nicotine and caffeine and in the treatment of ADD/ADHD) and illegal forms. These substances help keep people awake, provide more energy, and suppress appetite. They have also been prescribed by physicians to increase enhance focus and concentration in individuals with ADD/ADHD. These drugs can be addictive and can produce withdrawal symptoms if stopped.

Effects: The user may experience an increased heart rate, increased energy and increased alertness. Users may also find they have an increased blood pressure, excessive talkativeness, and increased anxiety. In large doses, users find loss of coordination, dizziness, anxiety, cardiac and respiratory distress, and seizures, among other concerns.

Risks: Increase in body temperature, hallucinations, convulsions and possible death.

Hallucinogens (Mushrooms, LSD, and PCP):
mind and mood. Some types produce hallucinations, causing the person to hear, see, and smell things that are not real. Dissociative drugs do not cause hallucinations, but can cause the person to feel disassociated with their body, or feel detached from his/her surroundings.

Effects: Users may experience illusions or hallucinations. They may become confused, experience panic, anxiety, depression, and poor perception of time and distance.

Risks: Users may experience respiratory failure or death due to careless or accidental behaviors.

Dissociative Drugs (Ketamine, PCP): Dissociative drugs can cause a person to feel disassociated from their body, or feel detached from their surroundings.

Effects: Users may experience feelings of detachment and distortions of space, time and body. They may become confused, experience panic, anxiety, depression, feelings of invulnerability or exaggerated strength.

Risks: Users can exhibit violent behavior, loss of coordination, severe muscle contractions, kidney damage, convulsions and possible death.

Predatory Drugs (Rohypnol, GHB): These drugs are considered predatory because of their sedative affects. They can leave an individual with no recollection of what happened. They are colorless and odorless and when mixed with soda, alcohol and other beverage become virtually undetectable. They metabolize quickly and can become difficult to detect in as little as 12 hours.

Effects: Causes distortion in perception, delirium and amnesia.

Risks: Incapacitates user and can cause coma, seizures, and amnesia. These drugs are linked with sexual assault.

Alcohol

The Food and Drug Administration defines low-risk drinking as:

- No more than 1 drink per day for women (if daily)
- No more than 2 drinks per day for men (if daily)
- No more than 3 drinks for women, 4 drinks for men on any given day

Alcohol is a depressant drug that is legal in the United States for those over the age of 21 years. Small quantities of alcohol (low-risk) have for a legal-aged user has not been linked to any increased health risks, and in some cases, has been credited with some health benefits.

However, higher quantities (high-risk use) have been associated with increased risk for breast and colon cancer and in heart disease, as well as with a variety of unintentional consequences.

Effects: The users may experience a general relaxation, mild reduction in inhibitions and some impairment in judgment in low-risk amounts. Higher risk quantities may result in the user having greater impairment in judgment, alertness and coordination.

Risks: High-risk amounts can increase risk for:

Risk taking behaviors (example: sexual, driving).

Alcohol poisoning which can include: passing out (coma or becoming unconscious) nausea/vomiting and memory loss (black outs).

Hostility or other behavior changes.

Dependence and/or addiction.

Uncharacteristic family, school, work and/or legal problems.

Health problems such as cancers, health disease and cirrhosis of the liver.

Unintentional injuries and death.

Birth and developmental defects if exposed during pregnancy.

CCSNH Policy Governing Alcohol and Controlled Substances

Use of Alcohol and Controlled Substances during Work Hours

Section 7: Timely Warnings

Campus Safety Alerts: The Campus Safety Department is responsible for issuing **Timely Warnings** or the Campus Community to notify members of the community about serious crimes that occur on campus, in compliance with the **Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act** (Clery Act).

Timely Warnings are provided to give students, faculty and staff notification of crimes that may present a threat to the campus community and to heighten safety awareness. Having knowledge of such crimes will assist community members in making informed decisions about their personal safety and in preventing similar crimes from occurring. These warnings will be posted if a serious crime on campus constitutes an ongoing or continuing/ serious threat to the community. Information for **Timely Warning alerts** can originate from several sources including Campus Security agencies.

Anyone with information warranting a timely warning should report the circumstances to the Campus Safety Office at (603) 578-8900 (ext. 1767) or nccsafety@ccsnh.edu.

NCC issues timely warnings for the following incidents:

- Criminal Homicide
- Sex Offenses
- Aggravated assault Robbery
- Burglary
- Motor Vehicle Theft Major Incidents of Arson

Other crimes as determined necessary by the Director of Campus Safety Kyle Metcalf, Assistant Director of Campus Safety Craig Nelson.

Whenever a notification of a serious crime is received NCC will, immediately, determine the content of the notification and consider whether the crime constitutes, an on- going or continued threat to the campus community and initiate the notification system. Unless issuing a notification will in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise law enforcement efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency.

The decision to issue a timely warning shall be decided on a case-by-case basis in compliance with the Clery Act, however determined an on-going active threat a message will be sent out. The Director of Campus Safety makes the decision, or designee considering all available facts and taking into account the safety of the campus community. The individuals responsible for issuing a timely warning are Director of Campus Safety Kyle Metcalf or Assistant Director Craig Nelsob.

In cases where a suspect is apprehended and no longer poses an on-going threat to the safety of the campus community or where the information regarding a serious crime is not received by the

Every attempt will be made to distribute the Alert within 6 hours of the time the incident is reported; however, the release is subject to the availability of accurate facts concerning the incident.

A timely warning and updates may be distributed to the campus through any one or more of the following methods:

NCC Alert system

NCC ALERTS: Nashua Community College's emergency notification system that will help ensure rapid and reliable mass communication to students, faculty, and staff. The NCC ALERT system is designed to communicate with cell phones (text and voice messages), landlines, and e-mail systems, should a crisis, emergency situation or weather closure/delay occur on the NCC Campus. Pre-written messages are in system for easy access to send out, specific change of wording or message will be update by Director or Assistant Director of Campus Safety. Once information is signed up, an alert can be sent via sms, email or call.

Go to the page: https://www.getrave.com/login/nashuacc

You will not be able to sign in until you register. Hit the register button. Open the attached file named -top-login-

Section 9: Testing Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

NCC will conduct a yearly test of its emergency response plan and notification systems on campus. All testing will be documented including the date, time, a description of the exercise, and whether or not the test was announced or unannounced. Testing results will be kept on file at the Campus Safety office. The NCC response and evacuation procedures will be posted on the NCC website. Yearly

Nashua Police Department

Crime Analysis

Nashua Community College: Selected Offenses and Arrests